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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
. 10/694,266	10/27/2003	Allen D. Polowinczak	1247 P 277	2799
22908 7 BANNER & WI	590 03/20/2007 TCOFF LTD	EXAMINER		
TEN SOUTH W	ACKER DRIVE	A, PHI DIEU TRAN		
SUITE 3000 CHICAGO, IL 60606			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
011101100,12			3637	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		03/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/694,266	POLOWINCZAK, ALLEN D.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Phi D. A	3637			
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app					
Period fo			·			
WHIC - Exter after: - If NO - Failur Any r	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE is signs of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONET	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)[汉]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Fe	hruary 2006				
	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
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<i>,</i> —	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
	on of Claims	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
-	•	lio/oro ponding in the analization				
	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-12,14-19,21-26,28-33,40 and 41</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	5) Claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-12,14-19,21-26,28-33,40 and 41</u> is/are rejected.					
	☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
	on Papers	·				
	·		•			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
		arminer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.			
_	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
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A44=	(4)					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	(PTO-413) ite				
3) 🔲 Inform	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal Pa				

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 2/12/07 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-2, 4-9, 33, 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Shelver (3889434).

Shelver (figures 3, 4) shows a muntin clip comprising a base (123) having a first surface being textured (applicant has not yet defined texture in the claim), a connector (130) extending from the base, the first surface is located on a lip (121) extending from the base, the first surface comprising a plurality of protrusions (126), the first surface including an adhesive (131) applied thereto, the lip extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the connector extends from the base, the connector extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite the second surface, the connector comprising a leg (122, 124), the base having a texture surface (the surface including parts 124, and thus are

textured), the base having means for frictionally engaging the separator, the means for frictionally engaging is located on a lip extending from the base, the means comprising a textured surface (126), the textured surface comprising a plurality of protrusions, the means for frictionally engaging comprising an adhesive substance (31), the lip having a textured surface comprising a plurality of protrusions (126) substantially covering the entire surface, the connector (130) extending perpendicularly from the second side of the base.

3. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Merchlewitz (5899033).

Merchlewitz (figures 2-6) shows a muntin clip comprising a base (78, 80, 76) having plurality of protrusions (78, 76) creating a textured surface, a leg (82) extending from the base, the leg having first and second opposed surfaces, the first surface having at least one projection (84) extending therefrom, the second surface having at least one projection (84, the other side of part 82) extending one projection extending therefrom.

4. Claims 11-12, 16-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gieseke (6131356).

Gieseke (figures 5-7) shows a sash window comprising a first pane of glass (71) and a second pane of glass (71) spaced from the first pane of glass by a pane separator (84), each of the first and second panes of glass being generally planar and having two opposed, generally planar major surfaces and a plurality of smaller edge surfaces defined by perimeters of the two major surfaces, the first pane (71) being generally parallel to the second pane and positioned such that one of the major surfaces of the first pane is in spaced and confronting relationship to one of the major surfaces of the second pane, a muntin grid located between the first and second pane

including a muntin bar (65), a muntin clip (10, figure 7) located between the first and second pane and having a base (30) having a first surface being textured (the surface certainly has texture and thus is textured; applicant has not set forth what forms the texture yet) frictionally engaging the separator (86) and a leg (16) extending from the base and engaging the muntin bar, the first surface is located on a lip (50) extending from the base, the lip (50) extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the leg (16) extends from the base, the leg extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite from the second surface.

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5. Claims 11-12, 14-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reichert (2001/0034990).

Reichert (figures 1, 4, 9) shows a sash window comprising a first pane of glass (20) and a second pane of glass (18) spaced from the first pane of glass by a pane separator (22), each of the first and second panes of glass being generally planar and having two opposed, generally planar major surfaces and a plurality of smaller edge surfaces defined by perimeters of the two major surfaces, the first pane (20) being generally parallel to the second pane and positioned such that one of the major surfaces of the first pane is in spaced and confronting relationship to one of the major surfaces of the second pane, a muntin grid (figure 4) located between the first and second pane including a muntin bar (42, 44), a muntin clip (50, figure 4) located between the first and second pane and having a base (58) having a first surface being textured (applicant has not defined what textured is in claim 11 yet; the surface which engage the part 22) frictionally engaging the separator (22) and a leg (the part that extends vertically from which part 52 extends) extending from the base and engaging the muntin bar, the first surface is located on a lip

(54) extending from the base, the first surface comprising a plurality of protrusions (54) creating the texture of the first surface, the lip (54) extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the leg extends from the base, the leg extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite from the second surface.

6. Claims 25-26, 30-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gieseke (6131356).

Gieseke (figures 5-7) shows a muntin grid comprising a plurality of interconnected muntin bars (figure 14), at least one muntin bar being generally elongated in a first direction such that the muntin bar is dimensioned substantially greater in the first direction than in any other direction, the muntin bar having two ends located at opposed extremities of the muntin bar relative to the first direction, a muntin clip (figure 7) comprising a base (30) having a first surface being textured (applicant has not defined what texture is made of yet) adapted to frictionally engage the separate and a connector (16) extending from the base and inserted into one of the muntin bar ends such that the connect extends a distance into the muntin bar in the first direction, the distance of extension being substantially smaller than the dimension of the muntin bar in the first direction, the first surface is located on a lip (43) extending from the base, the first surface is textured (inherently so as every structural surface has a texture), the lip (50) extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the connector (16) extends from the base, the connector comprising a leg, the connector extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite from the second surface.

7. Claims 25-26, 28-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reichert (201/0034990).

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Reichert (figures 1, 4, 7) shows a muntin grid comprising a plurality of interconnected muntin bars (figure 44, 42 figure 4), at least one muntin bar being generally elongated in a first direction such that the muntin bar is dimensioned substantially greater in the first direction than in any other direction, the muntin bar having two ends located at opposed extremities of the muntin bar relative to the first direction, a muntin clip (50, figure 4) comprising a base (58) having a first surface being textured (applicant has not defined what texture is yet in claim 25) adapted to frictionally engage the separator (22) and a connector (the part extending perpendicular from part 58 and connected to part 52) extending from the base and inserted into one of the muntin bar ends such that the connect extends a distance into the muntin bar in the first direction, the distance of extension being substantially smaller than the dimension of the muntin bar in the first direction, the first surface is located on a lip (54) extending from the base. the first surface comprising a plurality of protrusions (54, figure 4) creating the texture of the first surface, the lip (54) extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the connector extends from the base, the connector comprising a leg, the connector extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite from the second surface.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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9. Claim 41 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reichert (2001/0034990) in view of Pease III et al (5834124).

Reichert (figures 1, 4, 11-13) shows a sash window comprising pane separator (22) extending along at least a portion of a length of circumference of the window assembly, a first pane of glass (20) and a second pane of glass (18) spaced from the first pane of glass by the separator, a muntin bar (42, 44, figure 4) located between the first and second panes, a muntin clip (50) located between the first pane and the second pane and having a base (58) having a first surface that is textured and that frictionally engages the separator, the extured first surface created by plurality of protrusions (54) thereon and a connector (the part that extends perpendicular to the base and associated with part 52) extending from the base and engaging the muntin bar.

Reichert does not show a frame comprising a top rail, a base rail, first and seconds tiles connecting the top rail and the base rail, the separator and the panes positioned within an area defined by the frame.

Pease III et al (figure 1A) shows a window assembly comprising a top rail, a base rail, first and seconds tiles connecting the top rail and the base rail, the separator (26) and the panes (24) positioned within an area defined by the frame.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Reichert's structure to show a frame comprising a top rail, a base rail, first and seconds tiles connecting the top rail and the base rail, the separator and the panes positioned within an area defined by the frame as taught by Pease III et al because it would enable the easy, secure mounting of the window unit into a wall opening.

10. Claim 18-19, 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reichert (2001/0034990) in view of Pease III et al (5834124).

Reichert (figures 1, 4, 9) shows a window assembly comprising a sash window, the sash window comprising a pair of parallel window panes (18, 20) spaced from the first pane of glass by a pane separator (22), each of the first and second panes of glass being generally planar and having two opposed, generally planar major surfaces and a plurality of smaller edge surfaces defined by perimeters of the two major surfaces, the panes are positioned such that one of the major surfaces of one window pane is in spaced and confronting relation to one of the major surfaces of the other window pane, a muntin grid (figure 4) located between the first and second pane including a muntin bar (42, 44), a muntin clip (50, figure 4) located between the first and second pane and having a base (58) having a first surface (the surface which engage the part 22) frictionally engaging the separator (22) and a leg (the part that extends vertically from which part 52 extends) extending from the base and engaging the muntin bar, the first surface is located on a lip (54) extending from the base, the first surface comprises at least one protrusion (54) creating the texture of the first surface, the lip (54) extends from the base in a direction generally opposite to the direction from which the leg extends from the base, the leg extends from the base from a second surface wherein the first surface is opposite from the second surface.

Reichert does not show the window assembly having a master frame, the sash window mounted in the master frame.

Pease III et al shows a master frame (21) surrounding a window assembly to enable the easy and secure mounting of the window assembly in a wall opening.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Reichert's structure to show the window assembly having a master frame, the sash window mounted in the master frame as taught by Pease III et al because it would enable the easy, secure mounting of the window unit into a wall opening.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments filed 2/12/07 to claims 1-2, 4-12, 14-19, 21-26, 28-33, 40-41 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to applicant's argument to "textured", "protrusion forming the textured surface", examiner respectfully sets forth that the limitations are met by the references as clearly pointed out above. The claimed limitations are reasonably and broadly interpreted, and are found to be met by the references. The arguments are thus moot.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phi D A whose telephone number is 571-272-6864. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lanna Mai can be reached on 571-272-6867. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Phi Dieu Tran A

3/18/07